Overcoming a Bottle Strike

Adapted from Amy Peterson & Mindy Harmer's book Balancing Breast & Bottle: Reaching Your Breastfeeding Goals

A bottle strike can be very frustrating! First, rule out any physical problems like earaches, colds, thrush or teething that could be affecting your baby's willingness to take a bottle. Next, consider the following ideas to help coax your little one back to a bottle again.

Positioning

- Try different feeding positions in your arms. Baby...
 - o sitting
 - o lying down
 - facing toward
 - facing away
- Try different feeding positions, not being held. In a...
 - o swing or bouncy chair
 - o stroller or car seat
 - o tub at bath time

Timing

- Offer the bottle about 30 minutes to an hour after breastfeeding, when your baby is awake but not too hungry.
- Offer the bottle in the middle of the night or when your baby is just waking up from a nap, still slightly groggy and wanting to nurse.
- If your baby will accept a bottle from mom but not from dad, try handing baby off during a feeding and offering the bottle "together."

Associations & Distractions

- Swaddle your baby in a blanket or piece of clothing that smells like mom.
- Sing a "feeding time song." Sing a song before and while you breastfeed your baby. Sing the same song before and during a bottle-feeding, as it may help your baby associate the two. Dads and caregivers can also help by learning the "feeding time song."

Switcheroo!

- If your baby is willing to suck on your finger, slip the bottle in while baby is sucking. This will affect mouth placement temporarily but might get baby over the hump.
- Try replacing your nipple with the bottle after the first letdown so baby's initial hunger is satisfied at the breast.

Do not:

- ...engage in bottle battles that involve a screaming baby and frustrated parents. Whenever possible, keep feeding attempts low-stress.
- ...let the baby get "good and hungry" so he will take a bottle. You will have better luck offering the bottle at the earliest signs of hunger.
- ...plan to feed your baby long-term with a syringe, eye-dropper or medicine cup babies like and need to suck. Alternative feeding methods have their place, but are not usually appropriate when babies need more than an ounce or two at a feeding.